

Unique Historical Solution From The Nature by Urla Nature

Urla Natura brings the magical heiling power of the MASTIC TREE (Pistacia Lenstiscus) from ancient history to date.

- This unique essential oil is a gift from the nature and can be used in many different areas from medicine to aromatherapy, from food to cosmetics.
- Lentisk Essential Oil of UrlaNaturais produced from the leaves of Mastic Tree (Pistacia Lentiscus)
- It is produced by Steam Distillation with NO ADDITIVES and CHEMICALS so Urla Natura, is a 100% Natural Product
- The chemical composition of Urla latura, Lentisk Oil (Table1) promises solutions to many dermatological problems like skin spots, pimples, skin burns and itches.
- UrlaNatura, Lentisk Oil is a <u>100% Natural</u> Product that renews the damaged and aged skin cells.
- It can directly use on the skin so it is a very important product for Aromatherapy Applications.
- This Essential Oil is a crucial value added raw material for Medicine and Cosmetic industry.
- UrlaNatura, Lentisk Oil is also Food Grade product.



Journal of Applied Research on Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Volume 1, Issue 3, September 2014, Pages 81-91 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jarmap.2014.07.001 Extracts obtained from the mastic tree have been used since Greek antiquity in folk medicine, mainly as anti-inflammatory or antiseptic substances, as well as, for the treatment of various diseases such as gastralgia and dyspepsia (Atzei, 2003; Palevitch and Yaniv, 2000). The aerial part has traditionally been used as a stimulant for its diuretic properties and as a mean to treat hypertension (Bentley and Trimen, 1980). Recently, mastic tree's antioxidant activity has been reported (Andrikopoulos et al., 2003; Barra et al., 2007; Benhammou et al., 2008; Gardeli et al., 2008). In addition, P. lentiscus products have a wide range of uses; in food industries (Glampedaki and Dutschk, 2014), in eczema treatment and throat infections (Palevitch and Yaniv, 2000), in paralysis, in asthma and as astringent (Bentley and Trimen, 1980), in renalstones (Triantafyllou et al., 2007), in jaundice (Janakat and Al-Merie, 2002), in antiatherogenic treatment (Dedoussis et al., 2004) and crohn's disease (Kaliora et al., 2007). Moreover, antihepatotoxic (Ljubuncic et al., 2005), antimicrobial (Magiatis et al., 1999), induced apoptosis and antiproliferative activity in colon cancer cells (Balan et al., 2007) has been reported.